



**ATLA<sup>TM</sup>**  
**ALL THINGS LIGHTING ASSOCIATION**



# **ATLA S001**

# **STANDARD FORMAT FOR THE ELECTRONIC TRANSFER OF LUMINAIRE OPTICAL DATA**

**REVISION 1.00**

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## **1.0 Introduction and Scope**

### **1.1 Introduction**

The architectural and roadway lighting communities have long relied on standardized data formats for the electronic transfer of far-field photometric data and related information. These data formats include IES LM-63-02, CIBSE TM14, and EULUMDAT. Apart from a few minor revisions, these data formats have remained essentially unchanged for the past several decades.

With the introduction of solid state lighting with color-changing capabilities, there is a need to include spectral power distributions in these data representations. There is also a need to represent radiant and photosynthetically active radiation (PAR) intensity distributions for horticultural, aquaculture, and animal husbandry lighting applications.

Unfortunately, it is difficult to impossible to incorporate such information in existing photometric data standards. It is also unreasonable to develop new standards specifically for specialized applications, such as horticultural lighting. This document therefore presents a standardized data format for use with all lighting applications.

The represented data may be obtained when testing or simulating the optical characteristics of a luminaire, which may then be used with lighting design and analysis software, architectural visualization software, and optical design software.

The data is formatted in accordance with W3C Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.1 Recommendation and the W3C XML Schema Definition Language (XSD). This allows end users to utilize and view the data directly without the need for proprietary software.

In the event of any ambiguity or discrepancy with respect to the textual specification and the XML Schema in this document, the XML Schema shall take precedence.

In the event of any ambiguity or discrepancy with respect to the description of XML or XML Schema in this document, the W3C Recommendations shall take precedence.

### **1.2 Scope**

This document specifies an electronic (XML-based) data format for the transfer of luminaire optical data useful for lighting design and analysis.

Details about the XML document format, XML schema, XSLT transforms and more can be found at the W3C's website, the authority for the XML document format. This document is intended as a description of a specific implementation of an XML document, and is not a tutorial on the XML document format itself.

## **2.0 Normative References**

ANSI C78.377-2017. American National Standard for Electric Lamps – Specifications for the Chromaticity of Solid-State Lighting Products. Rosslynn, Virginia: National Electrical Manufacturers Association.

ANSI/ASABE [S640]. Quantities and Units of Electromagnetic Radiation for Plants (Photosynthetic Organisms). St. Joseph, MI: American Society of Agricultural and Biological Engineers.

ANSI/IES RP-16-17, Nomenclature and Definitions for Illuminating Engineering. New York: Illuminating Engineering Society of North America.

CIE 13.3-1995. Method of Measuring and Specifying Colour Rendering Properties of Light Sources. Commission Internationale de l'Eclairage, Vienna, Austria.

CIE 15:2004, Third Edition. Colorimetry. Commission Internationale de l'Eclairage, Vienna, Austria.

CIE 63-1984. The Spectroradiometric Measurement of Light Sources. Commission Internationale de l'Eclairage, Vienna, Austria.

CIE 117-1995. Discomfort Glare in Interior Lighting. Commission Internationale de l'Eclairage, Vienna, Austria.

CIE 121-1996. The Photometry and Goniophotometry of Luminaires. Commission Internationale de l'Eclairage, Vienna, Austria.

CIE 224-2017. CIE 2017 Colour Fidelity Index for Accurate Scientific Use. Commission Internationale de l'Eclairage, Vienna, Austria.

IES LM-63-02. Standard File Format for Electronic Transfer of Photometric Data. New York: Illuminating Engineering Society of North America.

IES LM-75-01. Goniophotometer Types and Photometric Coordinates. New York: Illuminating Engineering Society of North America.

IES TM-27-14. IES Standard Format for the Electronic Transfer of Spectral Data. New York: Illuminating Engineering Society of North America.

IES TM-30-15. IES Method for Evaluating Light Source Color Rendition. New York: Illuminating Engineering Society of North America.

RFC 4122. P. Leach, M. Mealling, and R. A. Salz. Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) URN Namespace, Internet Engineering Task Force; July 2015.

W3C Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.1, Second Edition (<http://www.w3.org/TR/xml11>).

W3C XML Schema Definition Language (XSD) 1.1 Part 1: Structures (<http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema11-1>).

W3C XML Schema Definition Language (XSD) 1.1 Part 2: Datatypes (<http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema11-2>).

## **3.0 Definitions**

### **3.1 Bandpass Correction**

The correction of measured spectral data to account for the bandpass width of the detector element and the scanning interval. There are several methods of bandpass correction, and this correction is usually performed either in the measurement equipment itself or by the data processing software.

### **3.2 Channel Multiplier**

A channel multiplier is a number between zero and one that represents the contribution of a single channel emitter to the measured or simulated spatial intensity distribution and flux of a multichannel luminaire. For example, if a three-channel theatrical luminaire with independently-dimmable red, green, and blue light-emitting diode emitters generates 1,000 lumens of white light with a CCT of 6500K, the corresponding channel multipliers might be 0.63, 0.74, and 1.00 respectively.

### 3.3 Dimensions

For the purposes of this document, a luminaire shall be represented as a rectangular or cylindrical object with dimensions of length, width, and (optionally) height, as shown in FIG. 1:

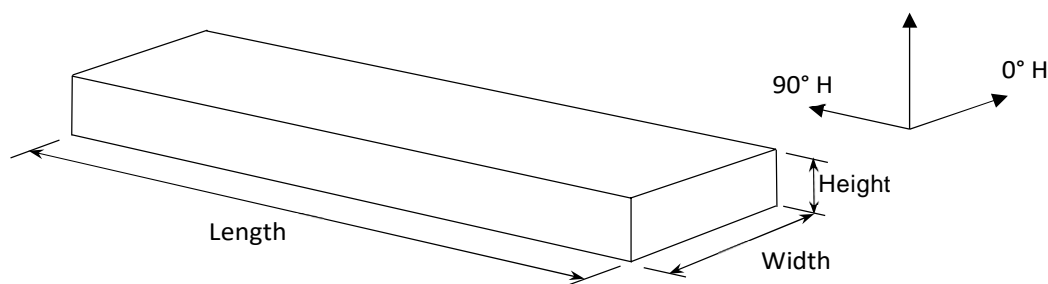


Figure 1 – Luminaire dimensions

where the width dimension is parallel to the 0–180 degrees axis of the intensity distribution, and the length dimension is parallel to the 90–270 degrees axis of the intensity distribution. (This convention conforms with CIE 121.)

NOTE: The purpose of this geometric object is to represent planar surfaces for the emission areas (see Clause 3.5). It is not intended to represent the physical geometry of the luminaire housing.

The x-y-z coordinate system consists of the x-axis aligned with 0 degrees horizontal, the y-axis aligned with 90 degrees horizontal, and the z-axis aligned with zenith (+90 degrees vertical). The origin is coincident with the geometric center of the rectangular or cylindrical object (which may be different from the emitter center used for measurement purposes).

The four side faces of the enclosing box shall be identified as:

- C0 Perpendicular to 0-degree (+x) axis
- C90 Perpendicular to 90-degree (+y) axis
- C180 Perpendicular to 180-degree (-x) axis
- C270 Perpendicular to 270-degree (-y) axis

All dimensions shall be expressed in meters.

### 3.4 Document

Instead of using “file” as the description for this data storage mechanism, the term “document” will be used. The term “document” is more appropriate when the information may not actually exist as a physical file but may instead be generated dynamically and electronically transmitted.

### 3.5 Emitter

Any device that emits electromagnetic (“optical”) radiation within the wavelength range of 100 nm to 1000µm.

A device that emits optical radiation within the wavelength range of 380 nm to 780 nm (that is, visible light) may also be referred to as a “light source.”

### 3.6 Emitter Center

The emitter center represents the origin for intensity distribution measurements. It may be offset from the geometric center of the rectangular or cylindrical luminaire representation. Also referred to as the “photometric center” for goniophotometric applications, it is the point in a luminaire or emitter from which the inverse square law operates most closely in the direction of maximum intensity.



### **3.7 Emission Areas**

The emission areas of a specified face of the luminaire are the areas from which electromagnetic radiation is emitted. Multiple emission areas per face are allowed, including rectangular and elliptical shapes. They are intended primarily for use in CIE Unified Glare Rating (UGR) and similar visual glare calculations.

### **3.8 Far-field versus Near-field**

Far-field intensity measurements assume a point emitter. In practice, the distance from the emitter to the sensor should be at least five times the largest diagonal dimension of the emission area (i.e., the “five-times” rule for goniophotometry).

Near-field illuminance, irradiance, photon flux density, or spectral irradiance measurements are typically made on a regular grid on a plane. No assumptions are made about the dimensions or geometry of the emitter(s).

### **3.9 Geometric Center**

The geometric center is the center of the rectangular or cylindrical object defining the luminaire dimensions.

### **3.10 Goniometer**

For the purposes of this document, a goniometer is defined as an instrument for measuring the directional radiant intensity, spectral radiant intensity, or spectrally-weighted radiant intensity distribution of an emitter. The definition encompasses goniophotometers, goniometers, and goniometer spectroradiometers.

### **3.11 Luminous**

For the purpose of this document, the term “luminous” is synonymous with “photometric.”

### **3.12 Photon Flux**

Photon flux, also known as quantum flux, is the rate of flow of photons. It is analogous to radiant flux, except that it is measured in micromoles of photons per second ( $\mu\text{mol}/\text{sec}$ ) rather than joules of energy per second (watts). See Annex B, Photon Flux, for further information.

### **3.13 Photon Intensity**

Photon intensity is analogous to radiant intensity, except that it is the photon flux emitted by an emitter in a given direction. It is measured in micromoles of photons per second per steradian ( $\mu\text{mol}/\text{sec}\cdot\text{sr}$ ).

### **3.14 Photon Flux Density**

Photon flux density is analogous to irradiance, except that it is the areal density of photon flux incident upon a real or imaginary surface. It is measured in micromoles of photons per second per square meter ( $\mu\text{mol}/\text{sec}/\text{m}^2$ ).

## **4.0 XML Schema for Luminaire Optical Data**

The luminaire optical data document is defined in terms of the W3C XML Schema presented in Section 4.7.

The XML document is separated into six elements:

1. The required `Version` element, which identifies the XML schema version.
2. The required `Header` element, which contains all generic information about the luminaire;

3. The optional `Luminaire` element, which contains information about the luminaire dimensions, shape, and number of emitters;
4. The optional `Equipment` element, which contains information about the measurement equipment used to perform the optical measurements;
5. The required `Emitter` element, which contains information about the emitter(s), including generic information, intensity distribution data, and spectral power distribution data; and
6. The optional `CustomData` element, which contains information specific to a particular application, such as for example government-mandated environmental criteria.

#### 4.1 Version Element

The required `Version` element identifies the XML schema version. It must be "1.1".

#### 4.2 Header Element

The required `Header` element is the parent of the document header section. This section contains information that is not specific to the luminaire data. Header elements are listed in Table 1.

**Table 1: Header Element Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Manufacturer	<code>Manufacturer</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.2.1
Catalog Number	<code>CatalogNumber</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.2.2
GTIN Number	<code>GTINNumber</code>	xs:integer	Optional	4.2.3
Description	<code>Description</code>	xs:string	Yes	4.2.4
Laboratory	<code>Laboratory</code>	xs:string	Yes	4.2.5
Report Number	<code>ReportNumber</code>	xs:string	Yes	4.2.6
Report Date	<code>ReportDate</code>	xs:date	Yes	4.2.7
Document Creator	<code>DocumentCreator</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.2.8
Document Creation Date	<code>DocumentCreationDate</code>	xs:date	Optional	4.2.9
Unique Identifier	<code>UniqueIdentifier</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.2.10
Comment	<code>Comment</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.2.11
Reference	<code>Reference</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.2.12
More Information URI	<code>MoreInfoURI</code>	xs:anyURI	Optional	4.2.13

##### 4.2.1 Manufacturer Element

The optional `Manufacturer` element identifies the manufacturer of the luminaire or emitter.

##### 4.2.2 Catalog Number Element

The optional `CatalogNumber` element identifies the manufacturer's product catalog number.

##### 4.2.3 GTIN Number Element

The optional `GTINNumber` element identifies the Global Trade Item Number (GTIN) of the luminaire or emitter.

##### 4.2.4 Description Element

The required `Description` element contains a text description of the luminaire or emitter.

#### **4.2.5 Laboratory Element**

The required `Laboratory` element identifies the testing laboratory name that performed the data measurements. If the data was generated from a computer simulation and not tested at a laboratory, this field shall contain the name of the company that generated the data.

#### **4.2.6 Report Number Element**

The required `ReportNumber` element identifies the testing laboratory report number.

#### **4.2.7 Report Date Element**

The required `ReportDate` element identifies the testing laboratory report date using the XSD Date data type, YYYY-MM-DD.

#### **4.2.8 Document Creator Element**

The optional `DocumentCreator` element identifies the creator of the document, which may be a test lab, a research group, a standard body, a company or an individual.

#### **4.2.9 Document Creation Date Element**

The optional `DocumentCreationDate` element identifies the document creation date using the XSD Date data type, YYYY-MM-DD.

#### **4.2.10 Unique Identifier Element**

The optional `UniqueIdentifier` element contains a Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) as defined by RFC 4122. Most scientific programming language libraries include functions that will automatically generate UUIDs.

A UUID is a unique 128-bit value expressed as a string with 32 hexadecimal digits in the format xxxxxxxx-xxxx-xxxx-xxxx-xxxxxxxxxxxx. For example:

21EC2020-3AEA-4069-A2DD-08002B30309D

The intent of the UUID is to uniquely identify the document's measurement data. The document creator shall generate a new UUID whenever the document's measurement data is modified.

#### **4.2.11 Comment Element**

The optional `Comment` element provides arbitrary additional information relating to the tested and reported data.

Multiple `Comment` elements are allowed.

#### **4.2.12 Reference Element**

The optional `Reference` element identifies one or more regulatory standards or other documents with which the luminaire or emitter complies, or the regulatory standards or other documents to which the laboratory measurements conform. This may, for example, be a document name or a Web address.

Multiple `Reference` elements are allowed.

#### **4.2.13 More Information URI Element**

The optional `MoreInfoURI` element provides a Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) address for further luminaire information.

### 4.3 Luminaire Element

The optional `Luminaire` element is the parent of the luminaire data. Elements are detailed in Table 2.

**Table 2: Luminaire Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Dimensions	<code>Dimensions</code>	XML Element	Yes	4.3.1
Shape	<code>Shape</code>	<code>xs:string</code>	Optional	4.3.2
Number Emitters	<code>NumEmitter</code>	<code>xs:int</code>	Yes	4.3.3

#### 4.3.1 Dimensions Element

The required `Dimensions` element is the parent of the luminaire dimensions data. Elements are detailed in Table 3.

**Table 3: Dimensions Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Length	<code>Length</code>	<code>xs:decimal</code>	Yes	4.3.1.1
Width	<code>Width</code>	<code>xs:decimal</code>	Yes	4.3.1.2
Height	<code>Height</code>	<code>xs:decimal</code>	Yes	4.3.1.3

##### 4.3.1.1 Length Element

The required `Length` element specifies the length of the luminaire housing in meters.

##### 4.3.1.2 Width Element

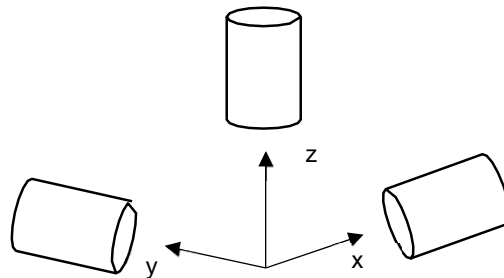
The required `Width` element specifies the width of the luminaire housing in meters.

##### 4.3.1.3 Height Element

The required `Height` element specifies the height of the luminaire housing in meters. (To support legacy photometric data file formats, the value of this element may be zero.)

#### 4.3.2 Shape Element

The luminaire may optionally be represented as an axis-aligned cylindrical object.



**Figure 2 – Axis-aligned cylindrical luminaire orientations**

The optional `Shape` element identifies the aligned axis. Valid values are listed in Table 4.

**Table 4: Shape Types**

Type	Description
------	-------------

Align_X	Luminaire is cylindrical in y-z plane
Align_Y	Luminaire is cylindrical in x-z plane
Align_Z	Luminaire is cylindrical in x-y plane

### 4.3.3 Number Emitters Element

The required `NumEmitter` element specifies the number of `Emitter` elements. (See Section 4.5 for details.)

## 4.4 Equipment Element

The optional `Equipment` element is the parent of measurement equipment data. Elements are detailed in Table 5.

**Table 5: Equipment Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Gonioradiometer	<code>Gonioradiometer</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.4.1
Integrating Sphere	<code>IntegratingSphere</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.4.2
Spectroradiometer	<code>Spectroradiometer</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.4.3

### 4.4.1 Gonioradiometer Element

The optional `Gonioradiometer` element is the parent of gonioradiometric data. This element contains information that is specific to the gonioradiometer data. Elements are detailed in Table 6.

**Table 6: Gonioradiometer Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Type	<code>Type</code>	xs:string	Yes	4.4.1.1
Measurement Equipment	<code>MeasurementEquipment</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.4.1.2

#### 4.4.1.1 Type Element

The required `Type` element identifies the gonioradiometer type. Valid values are listed in Table 7.

**Table 7: Gonioradiometer Types**

Type	Reference
CIE_A	CIE 121-1996
CIE_B	CIE 121-1996
CIE_C	CIE 121-1996
IES_A	IES LM-75-01
IES_B	IES LM-75-01
IES_C	IES LM-75-01
CUSTOM	Not applicable

#### 4.4.1.2 Measurement Equipment Element

The optional `MeasurementEquipment` element contains a description of the equipment used to measure the gonioradiometric data.

Multiple `MeasurementEquipment` elements are allowed.

#### 4.4.2 Integrating Sphere Element

The optional `IntegratingSphere` element is the parent of integrating sphere data. Elements are detailed in Table 8.

**Table 8: Integrating Sphere Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Measurement Equipment	<code>MeasurementEquipment</code>	<code>xs:string</code>	Yes	4.4.2.1

##### 4.4.2.1 Measurement Equipment Element

The required `MeasurementEquipment` element contains a description of the equipment used to measure the integrating sphere data.

Multiple `MeasurementEquipment` elements are allowed.

#### 4.4.3 Spectroradiometer Element

The optional `Spectroradiometer` element is the parent of spectroradiometer data. Elements are detailed in Table 9.

**Table 9: Spectroradiometer Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Measurement Equipment	<code>MeasurementEquipment</code>	<code>xs:string</code>	Optional	4.4.3.1
Bandwidth FWHM	<code>BandwidthFWHM</code>	<code>xs:decimal</code>	Optional	4.4.3.2
Bandwidth Corrected	<code>BandwidthCorrected</code>	<code>xs:boolean</code>	Optional	4.4.3.3
Bandwidth Method	<code>BandwidthMethod</code>	<code>xs:string</code>	Optional	4.4.3.4

##### 4.4.3.1 Measurement Equipment Element

The optional `MeasurementEquipment` element contains a description of the equipment used to measure the spectral data.

Multiple `MeasurementEquipment` elements are allowed.

##### 4.4.3.2 Bandwidth FWHM Element

The optional `BandwidthFWHM` attribute specifies the spectroradiometer full-width half-maximum bandwidth in nanometers.

##### 4.4.3.3 Bandwidth Corrected Element

The optional `BandwidthCorrected` attribute specifies that bandwidth correction has been applied to the measured data.

##### 4.4.3.4 Bandwidth Method Element

The optional `BandwidthMethod` attribute documents the bandwidth correction method.

#### 4.5 Emitter Element

The required `Emitter` element is the parent of emitter data. Elements are detailed in Table 10.

Multiple `Emitter` elements are allowed as per `NumEmitter` element (Section 4.3.3).

**Table 10: Emitter Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Quantity	<code>Quantity</code>	<code>xs:int</code>	Yes	4.5.1
Description	<code>Description</code>	<code>xs:string</code>	Yes	4.5.2
Catalog Number	<code>CatalogNumber</code>	<code>xs:string</code>	Optional	4.5.3
Rated Lumens	<code>RatedLumens</code>	<code>xs:decimal</code>	Optional	4.5.4
Input Wattage	<code>InputWattage</code>	<code>xs:decimal</code>	Yes	4.5.5
Power Factor	<code>PowerFactor</code>	<code>xs:decimal</code>	Optional	4.5.6
Ballast Factor	<code>BallastFactor</code>	<code>xs:decimal</code>	Optional	4.5.7
Tilt Angles	<code>TiltAngles</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.8
Color Temperature	<code>ColorTemperature</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.9
Color Rendering	<code>ColorRendering</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.10
Duv	<code>Duv</code>	<code>xs:decimal</code>	Optional	4.5.11
S/P Ratio	<code>SPRatio</code>	<code>xs:decimal</code>	Optional	4.5.12
Data Generation	<code>DataGeneration</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.13
Luminous Data	<code>LuminousData</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.14
Radiant Data	<code>RadiantData</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.15
Photon Data	<code>PhotonData</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.16
Spectral Data	<code>SpectralData</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.17
Illuminance Data	<code>IllumData</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.18
Irradiance Data	<code>IrradData</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.19
Photon Flux Density Data	<code>PFDDData</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.20
Spectral Irradiance Data	<code>SpecIrradData</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.21
Channels	<code>Channels</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.22
Emission Areas	<code>EmissionAreas</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.23
Emitter Center	<code>EmitterCenter</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.24
Regulatory	<code>Regulatory</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.25

**NOTE:** The `Emitter` element must include at least one of `LuminousData`, `RadiantData`, `PhotonData`, `SpectralData`, `IllumData`, `IrradData`, `PFDDData`, and `SpecIrradData` elements.

#### 4.5.1 Quantity Element

The required `Quantity` element specifies the number of emitters.

#### 4.5.2 Description Element

The required `Description` element describes the emitter type.

#### 4.5.3 Catalog Number Element

The optional `CatalogNumber` element specifies the emitter manufacturer's catalog number.

#### 4.5.4 Rated Emitter Lumens Element

The optional `RatedLumens` element specifies the manufacturer's rated emitter lumens. For variable-CCT emitters, this value shall be the maximum rated emitter lumens.

#### 4.5.5 Input Wattage Element

The required `InputWattage` element specifies the input wattage.

#### 4.5.6 Power Factor Element

The optional `PowerFactor` element specifies the power factor.

#### 4.5.7 Ballast Factor Element

The optional `BallastFactor` element specifies the ratio of the flux emitted by the emitter when operated with a commercial ballast compared to the flux emitted by the same emitter when operated with a standard (reference) ballast used for rating lamp lumens. For application purposes, the ballast factor is used to adjust the emitter performance data from laboratory test conditions to actual field conditions.

#### 4.5.8 Tilt Angles Element

The optional `TiltAngles` element is the parent of the emitter tilt angle data. Elements are detailed in Table 11.

**Table 11: Tilt Angle Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Number Angles	<code>NumberAngles</code>	xs:int	Yes	4.5.8.1
Tilt	<code>Tilt</code>	XML Element	Yes	4.5.8.2

##### 4.5.8.1 Number Angles Element

The required `NumberAngles` element specifies the number of tilt angles.

##### 4.5.8.2 Tilt Element

The required `Tilt` element specifies the emitter intensity multiplier for the specified tilt angle (in degrees). For example:

```
<Tilt angle="30.0">0.87</Tilt>
```

#### 4.5.9 Color Temperature Element

The optional `ColorTemperature` element is the parent of the correlated color temperature (CCT) range data. Elements are detailed in Table 12.

**Table 12: Correlated Color Temperature Range Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Fixed CCT	<code>FixedCCT</code>	xs:int	Optional	4.5.9.1
Minimum CCT	<code>MinCCT</code>	xs:int	Optional	4.5.9.2
Maximum CCT	<code>MaxCCT</code>	xs:int	Optional	4.5.9.3

##### 4.5.9.1 Fixed CCT Element

The optional `FixedCCT` element specifies the correlated color temperature of a fixed-CCT emitter.



#### 4.5.9.2 Minimum CCT Element

The optional `MinCCT` element specifies the minimum correlated color temperature of a variable-CCT emitter.

#### 4.5.9.3 Maximum CCT Element

The optional `MaxCCT` element specifies the maximum correlated color temperature of a variable-CCT emitter.

#### 4.5.10 Correlated Color Rendering Element

The optional `ColorRendering` element is the parent of the color rendering metrics data. Elements are detailed in Table 13.

**Table 13: Color Rendering Metrics Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
CIE_CRI	CIE_CRI	XML Element	Optional	4.5.10.1
IES_TM30	IES_TM30	XML Element	Optional	4.5.10.2

##### 4.5.10.1 CIE\_CRI Element

The optional `CIE_CRI` element is the parent of the CIE Colour Rendering Indices data. Elements are detailed in Table 14.

**Table 14: CIE\_CRI Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Ra	Ra	xs:int	Yes	4.5.10.1.1
R9	R9	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.1.2

##### 4.5.10.1.1 Ra Element

The required `Ra` element specifies the CIE General Colour Rendering Index Ra.

##### 4.5.10.1.2 R9 Element

The optional `R9` element specifies the CIE Special Colour Rendering Index R9.

##### 4.5.10.2 IES\_TM30 Element

The optional `IES_TM30` element is the parent of the IES TM-30 color rendering metrics data. Elements are detailed in Table 15.

**Table 15: IES\_TM30 Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Rf	Rf	xs:int	Yes	4.5.10.2.1
Rg	Rg	xs:int	Yes	4.5.10.2.2
Rfh01	Rfh01	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.3
Rfh02	Rfh02	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.3
Rfh03	Rfh03	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.3
Rfh04	Rfh04	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.3
Rfh05	Rfh05	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.3
Rfh06	Rfh06	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.3
Rfh07	Rfh07	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.3
Rfh08	Rfh08	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.3
Rfh09	Rfh09	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.3

Rfh10	Rfh10	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.3
Rfh11	Rfh11	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.3
Rfh12	Rfh12	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.3
Rfh13	Rfh13	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.3
Rfh14	Rfh14	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.3
Rfh15	Rfh15	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.3
Rfh16	Rfh16	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.3
Rcsh01	Rcsh01	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.4
Rcsh02	Rcsh02	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.4
Rcsh03	Rcsh03	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.4
Rcsh04	Rcsh04	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.4
Rcsh05	Rcsh05	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.4
Rcsh06	Rcsh06	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.4
Rcsh07	Rcsh07	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.4
Rcsh08	Rcsh08	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.4
Rcsh09	Rcsh09	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.4
Rcsh10	Rcsh10	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.4
Rcsh11	Rcsh11	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.4
Rcsh12	Rcsh12	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.4
Rcsh13	Rcsh13	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.4
Rcsh14	Rcsh14	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.4
Rcsh15	Rcsh15	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.4
Rcsh16	Rcsh16	xs:int	Optional	4.5.10.2.4

#### 4.5.10.2.1 Rf Element

The required `Rf` element specifies the IES TM-30 fidelity index `Rf`.

#### 4.5.10.2.2 Rg Element

The required `Rg` element specifies the IES TM-30 gamut index `Rg`.

#### 4.5.10.2.3 Rfh\* Elements

The optional `Rfh*` elements specify the sixteen local fidelity values within each hue-angle range.

#### 4.5.10.2.4 Rcsh\* Elements

The optional `Rcsh*` elements specify the sixteen local chroma shift values within each hue-angle range.

#### 4.5.11 Duv Element

The optional `Duv` element specifies the closest distance of the emitter chromaticity to the Planckian locus as defined in ANSI C78.377-2017.

#### 4.5.12 S/P Ratio Element

The optional `SPRatio` element specifies the emitter scotopic-to-photopic lumens ratio.

#### 4.5.13 Data Generation Element

The optional `DataGeneration` element is the parent of data generation information. Elements are detailed in Table 16.

**Table 16: Data Generation Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
---------------------	--------------	-----------	----------	------------------

Simulation	Simulation	xs:boolean	Optional	4.5.13.1
Laboratory	Laboratory	XML Element	Optional	4.5.13.2
Intensity Scaling	IntensityScaling	xs:boolean	Optional	4.5.13.3
Angle Interpolation	AngleInterpolation	xs:boolean	Optional	4.5.13.4

#### 4.5.13.1 Simulation Element

The optional `Simulation` element, if true, indicates that the intensity data was generated by means of a computer simulation rather than measured.

#### 4.5.13.2 Laboratory Element

The optional `Laboratory` element is the parent of the Laboratory Certification data. Elements are detailed in Table 17.

**Table 17: Laboratory Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Type	Certification	xs:string	Yes	4.5.13.2.1
Approval Body	ApprovalBody	xs:string	Yes	4.5.13.2.2
Approval Scope	ApprovalScope	xs:string	Yes	4.5.13.2.3
Measurement Uncertainty	MeasUncertainty	XML Element	Yes	4.5.13.2.4

#### 4.5.13.2.1 Certification Element

The required `Certification` element identifies the certification type. Valid values are listed in Table 18.

**Table 18: Certification Types**

Type	Element Description
Accredited	Accredited test laboratory
Associated	Associated test laboratory
Customer	Customer test facilities
None	–

#### 4.5.13.2.2 Approval Body Element

The required `ApprovalBody` element identifies the approval body. For example, “NVLAP”.

#### 4.5.13.2.3 Approval Scope Element

The required `ApprovalScope` element identifies the scope of the approval. For example, “IESNA LM-79 [Sections 9, 10, 12]”.

#### 4.5.13.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty Element

The required `MeasUncertainty` element is the parent of the Measurement Uncertainty data. Elements are detailed in Table 19.

Multiple `MeasUncertainty` elements are allowed.

**Table 19: Measurement Uncertainty Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Measurement Type	MeasurementType	xs:string	Yes	4.5.13.2.4.1
Uncertainty	Uncertainty	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.13.2.4.2

#### 4.5.13.2.4.1 Measurement Type Element

The required `MeasurementType` element identifies the measurement type.

#### 4.5.13.2.4.2 Uncertainty Element

The required `Uncertainty` element specifies the measurement uncertainty.

#### 4.5.13.3 Intensity Scaling Element

The optional `IntensityScaling` element, if true, indicates that the reported intensity data has been uniformly scaled with respect to the laboratory measurements.

#### 4.5.13.4 Angle Interpolation Element

The optional `AngleInterpolation` element, if true, indicates that the reported intensity data at the reported horizontal and/or vertical angles have been interpolated with respect to the laboratory measurements.

#### 4.5.14 Luminous Data Element

The optional `LuminousData` element is the parent of luminous data. This element contains information that is specific to the luminous data. Elements are detailed in Table 20.

**Table 20: Luminous Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Luminous Intensity	<code>LuminousIntensity</code>	XML Element	Yes	4.5.14.1
Luminous Flux	<code>LuminousFlux</code>	xs:decimal	Optional	4.5.14.2

#### 4.5.14.1 Luminous Intensity Element

The required `LuminousIntensity` element is the parent of the luminous intensity data. Elements are detailed in Table 21.

**Table 21: Luminous Intensity Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Absolute Photometry	<code>AbsolutePhotometry</code>	xs:boolean	Yes	4.5.14.1.1
Number Measured	<code>NumberMeasured</code>	xs:int	Yes	4.5.14.1.2
Number Horz	<code>NumberHorz</code>	xs:int	Yes	4.5.14.1.3
Number Vert	<code>NumberVert</code>	xs:int	Yes	4.5.14.1.4
Intensity Data	<code>IntData</code>	XML Element	Yes	4.5.14.1.5

#### 4.5.14.1.1 Absolute Photometry Element

The required `AbsolutePhotometry` element, if true, indicates that the luminous intensity measurements were performed using absolute photometry.

#### 4.5.14.1.2 Number Measured Element

The required `NumberMeasured` element specifies the number of luminous intensity measurements.

#### 4.5.14.1.3 Number Horz Element

The required `NumberHorz` element specifies the number of horizontal angles. The value shall be zero if the measurement coordinate system does not consist of a set of planes.

#### 4.5.14.1.4 Number Vert Element

The required `NumberVert` element specifies the number of vertical angles. The value shall be zero if the measurement coordinate system does not consist of a set of planes.

#### 4.5.14.1.5 Intensity Data Element

The required `IntData` element specifies the luminous intensity data for the specified horizontal and vertical angles (in degrees). The element contains the value to be reported and there are attributes for the horizontal and vertical angles this value occurs at. For example:

```
<IntData h="0.0" v="65.0">44</IntData>
```

Multiple `IntData` elements are allowed.

#### 4.5.14.2 Luminous Flux Element

The optional `LuminousFlux` element specifies the luminous flux in lumens.

#### 4.5.15 Radiant Data Element

The optional `RadiantData` element is the parent of radiant data. Elements are detailed in Table 22.

**Table 22: Radiant Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Minimum Wavelength	<code>MinWavelength</code>	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.15.1
Maximum Wavelength	<code>MaxWavelength</code>	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.15.2
Radiant Intensity	<code>RadiantIntensity</code>	XML Element	Yes	4.5.15.3
Radiant Flux	<code>RadiantFlux</code>	xs:decimal	Optional	4.5.15.4

#### 4.5.15.1 Minimum Wavelength Element

The required `MinWavelength` element specifies the minimum wavelength of the radiant intensity measurements in nanometers.

#### 4.5.15.2 Maximum Wavelength Element

The required `MaxWavelength` element specifies the maximum wavelength of the radiant intensity measurements in nanometers.

#### 4.5.15.3 Radiant Intensity Element

The required `RadiantIntensity` element is the parent of the radiant intensity data. Elements are detailed in Table 23.

**Table 23: Radiant Intensity Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Number Measured	<code>NumberMeasured</code>	xs:int	Yes	4.5.15.3.1

Number Horz	NumberHorz	xs:int	Yes	4.5.15.3.2
Number Vert	NumberVert	xs:int	Yes	4.5.15.3.3
Intensity Data	IntData	XML Element	Yes	4.5.15.3.4

#### 4.5.15.3.1 Number Measured Element

The required `NumberMeasured` element specifies the number of radiant intensity measurements.

#### 4.5.15.3.2 Number Horz Element

The required `NumberHorz` element specifies the number of horizontal angles. The value shall be zero if the measurement coordinate system does not consist of a set of planes.

#### 4.5.15.3.3 Number Vert Element

The required `NumberVert` element specifies the number of vertical angles. The value shall be zero if the measurement coordinate system does not consist of a set of planes.

#### 4.5.15.3.4 Intensity Data Element

The required `IntData` element specifies the radiant intensity data for the specified horizontal and vertical angles (in degrees). The element contains the value to be reported, and there are attributes for the horizontal and vertical angles this value occurs at. For example:

```
<IntData h="0.0" v="65.0">44</IntData>
```

Multiple `IntData` elements are allowed.

#### 4.5.15.4 Radiant Flux Element

The optional `RadiantFlux` element specifies the radiant flux in watts.

#### 4.5.16 Photon Data Element

The optional `PhotonData` element is the parent of photon data. Elements are detailed in Table 24.

**Table 24: Photon Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Minimum Wavelength	MinWavelength	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.16.1
Maximum Wavelength	MaxWavelength	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.16.2
Photon Intensity	PhotonIntensity	XML Element	Yes	4.5.16.3
Photon Flux	PhotonFlux	xs:decimal	Optional	4.5.16.4

#### 4.5.16.1 Minimum Wavelength Element

The required `MinWavelength` element specifies the minimum wavelength of the photon measurements in nanometers.

#### 4.5.16.2 Maximum Wavelength Element

The required `MaxWavelength` element specifies the maximum wavelength of the photon measurements in nanometers.

#### 4.5.16.3 Photon Intensity Element

The required `PhotonIntensity` element is the parent of the photon intensity data. Elements are detailed in Table 25.

**Table 25: Photon Intensity Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Number Measured	NumberMeasured	xs:int	Yes	4.5.16.3.1
Number Horz	NumberHorz	xs:int	Yes	4.5.16.3.2
Number Vert	NumberVert	xs:int	Yes	4.5.16.3.3
Intensity Data	IntData	XML Element	Yes	4.5.16.3.4

**4.5.16.3.1 Number Measured Element**

The required `NumberMeasured` element specifies the number of photon intensity measurements.

**4.5.16.3.2 Number Horz Element**

The required `NumberHorz` element specifies the number of horizontal angles. The value shall be zero if the measurement coordinate system does not consist of a set of planes.

**4.5.16.3.3 Number Vert Element**

The required `NumberVert` element specifies the number of vertical angles. The value shall be zero if the measurement coordinate system does not consist of a set of planes.

**4.5.16.3.4 Intensity Data Element**

The required `IntData` element specifies the photon intensity data for the specified horizontal and vertical angles (in degrees). The element contains the value to be reported and there are attributes for the horizontal and vertical angles this value occurs at. For example:

```
<IntData h="0.0" v="65.0">44</IntData>
```

Multiple `IntData` elements are allowed.

**4.5.16.4 Photon Flux Element**

The optional `PhotonFlux` element specifies the photon flux in micromoles per second ( $\mu\text{mol}/\text{sec}$ ).

**4.5.17 Spectral Data Element**

The optional `SpectralData` element is the parent of spectroradiometric data. Elements are detailed in Table 26.

**Table 26: Spectral Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Spectral Intensity	EmitterSpectral	XML Element	Optional	4.5.17.1
Angular Spectral	AngularSpectral	XML Element	Optional	4.5.17.2

**4.5.17.1 Emitter Spectral Element**

The optional `EmitterSpectral` element is the parent of the emitter spectral data. Elements are detailed in Table 27.

Multiple `EmitterSpectral` elements are allowed.

**Table 27: Emitter Spectral Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Emitter Name	EmitterName	xs:string	Optional	4.5.17.1.1
Number Wavelength	NumberWavelength	xs:int	Yes	4.5.17.1.2
Power Data	PwrData	XML Element	Yes	4.5.17.1.3

**4.5.17.1.1 Emitter Name Element**

The optional `EmitterName` element specifies the emitter name. For example, a multichannel theatrical luminaire may have separate color channels identified as “red,” “green,” “blue,” and “amber.”

**4.5.17.1.2 Number Wavelength Element**

The required `NumberWavelength` element specifies the number of wavelengths.

**4.5.17.1.3 Power Data Element**

The required `PwrData` element specifies the emitter spectral data. The element contains the value to be reported (in watts per nanometer) and there is an attribute for the wavelength this value occurs at (in nanometers). For example:

```
<PwrData w="555.0">0.053</PwrData>
```

Multiple `PwrData` elements are allowed.

**4.5.17.2 Angular Spectral Element**

The optional `AngularSpectral` element is the parent of the angular spectral radiant intensity data. Elements are detailed in Table 28.

**Table 28: Angular Spectral Intensity Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Number Measured	NumberMeasured	xs:int	Yes	4.5.17.2.1
Number Horz	NumberHorz	xs:int	Yes	4.5.17.2.2
Number Vert	NumberVert	xs:int	Yes	4.5.17.2.3
Number Wavelength	NumberWavelength	xs:int	Yes	4.5.17.2.4
Intensity Data	IntData	XML Element	Yes	4.5.17.2.5

**4.5.17.2.1 Number Measured Element**

The required `NumberMeasured` element specifies the number of angular spectral intensity measurements.

**4.5.17.2.2 Number Horz Element**

The required `NumberHorz` element specifies the number of horizontal angles. The value shall be zero if the measurement coordinate system does not consist of a set of planes.

**4.5.17.2.3 Number Vert Element**

The required `NumberVert` element specifies the number of vertical angles. The value shall be zero if the measurement coordinate system does not consist of a set of planes.



#### 4.5.17.2.4 Number Wavelength Element

The required `NumberWavelength` element specifies the number of wavelengths.

#### 4.5.17.2.5 Intensity Data Element

The required `IntData` element specifies the spectral radiant intensity data (in watts per steradian per nanometer) for the specified horizontal and vertical angles (in degrees). The element contains the value to be reported and there are attributes for the horizontal and vertical angles and wavelength (in nanometers) this value occurs at. For example:

```
<IntData h="0.0" v="65.0" w="555.0">0.023</IntData>
```

Multiple `IntData` elements are allowed.

#### 4.5.18 Illuminance Data Element

The optional `IllumData` element is the parent of illuminance data. This element contains information that is specific to the illuminance data. Elements are detailed in Table 29.

**Table 29: Illuminance Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Number Planes	<code>NumberPlanes</code>	xs:int	Yes	4.5.18.1
Plane Data	<code>PlaneData</code>	XML Element	Yes	4.5.18.2

##### 4.5.18.1 Number Planes Element

The required `NumberPlanes` element specifies the number of measurement planes.

##### 4.5.18.2 Plane Data Element

The required `PlaneData` element specifies the illuminance data for the specified measurement plane. Elements are detailed in Table 30.

Multiple `PlaneData` elements are allowed.

**Table 30: Plane Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Plane Normal	<code>PlaneNormal</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.18.2.1
Number Measured	<code>NumberMeasured</code>	xs:int	Yes	4.5.18.2.2
Illuminance	<code>Illum</code>	XML Element	Yes	4.5.18.2.3

##### 4.5.18.2.1 Plane Normal Element

The optional `PlaneNormal` element specifies coordinates of the unit plane normal with respect to the luminaire dimensions coordinate system. For example:

```
<PlaneNormal x="-1.0" y="0.0 z="0.0"/>
```

**NOTE:** The plane can be arbitrarily oriented with respect to the emitter.

If absent, the unit plane normal coordinates are assumed to be aligned with zenith:

```
<PlaneNormal x="0.0" y="0.0 z="1.0"/>
```

#### 4.5.18.2.2 Number Measured Element

The required `NumberMeasured` element specifies the number of illuminance measurements for the specified plane.

#### 4.5.18.2.3 Illuminance Element

The required `Illum` element specifies illuminance data for the specified position. The element contains the value to be reported, and there are attributes for the plane position (in meters) this value occurs at. For example:

```
<Illum x="0.0" y="1.5" z="1.2">55</Illum>
```

Multiple `Illum` elements are allowed.

#### 4.5.19 Irradiance Data Element

The optional `IrradData` element is the parent of irradiance data. This element contains information that is specific to the irradiance data. Elements are detailed in Table 31.

**Table 31: Irradiance Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Minimum Wavelength	<code>MinWavelength</code>	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.19.1
Maximum Wavelength	<code>MaxWavelength</code>	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.19.2
Number Planes	<code>NumberPlanes</code>	xs:int	Yes	4.5.19.3
Plane Data	<code>PlaneData</code>	XML Element	Yes	4.5.19.4

#### 4.5.19.1 Minimum Wavelength Element

The required `MinWavelength` element specifies the minimum wavelength of the irradiance measurements in nanometers.

#### 4.5.19.2 Maximum Wavelength Element

The required `MaxWavelength` element specifies the maximum wavelength of the irradiance measurements in nanometers.

#### 4.5.19.3 Number Planes Element

The required `NumberPlanes` element specifies the number of measurement planes.

#### 4.5.19.4 Plane Data Element

The required `PlaneData` element specifies the irradiance data for the specified measurement plane. Elements are detailed in Table 32.

Multiple `PlaneData` elements are allowed.

**Table 32: Plane Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Plane Normal	<code>PlaneNormal</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.19.4.1
Number Measured	<code>NumberMeasured</code>	xs:int	Yes	4.5.19.4.2
Irradiance	<code>Irrad</code>	XML Element	Yes	4.5.19.4.3

#### 4.5.19.4.1 Plane Normal Element

The optional `PlaneNormal` element specifies coordinates of the unit plane normal with respect to the luminaire dimensions coordinate system. For example:

```
<PlaneNormal x="-1.0" y="0.0 z="0.0"/>
```

**NOTE:** The plane can be arbitrarily oriented with respect to the emitter.

If absent, the unit plane normal coordinates are assumed to be aligned with zenith:

```
<PlaneNormal x="0.0" y="0.0 z="1.0"/>
```

#### 4.5.19.4.2 Number Measured Element

The required `NumberMeasured` element specifies the number of irradiance measurements for the specified plane.

#### 4.5.19.4.3 Irradiance Element

The required `Irrad` element specifies irradiance data for the specified position. The element contains the value to be reported, and there are attributes for the plane position (in meters) this value occurs at. For example:

```
<Irrad x="0.0" y="1.5" z="1.2">55</Irrad>
```

Multiple `Irrad` elements are allowed.

### 4.5.20 Photon Flux Density Data Element

The optional `PFDDData` element is the parent of photon flux density data. This element contains information that is specific to the photon flux density data. Elements are detailed in Table 33.

**Table 33: Photon Flux Density Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Minimum Wavelength	<code>MinWavelength</code>	<code>xs:decimal</code>	Yes	4.5.20.1
Maximum Wavelength	<code>MaxWavelength</code>	<code>xs:decimal</code>	Yes	4.5.20.2
Number Planes	<code>NumberPlanes</code>	<code>xs:int</code>	Yes	4.5.20.3
Plane Data	<code>PlaneData</code>	XML Element	Yes	4.5.20.4

#### 4.5.20.1 Minimum Wavelength Element

The required `MinWavelength` element specifies the minimum wavelength of the photon flux density measurements in nanometers.

#### 4.5.20.2 Maximum Wavelength Element

The required `MaxWavelength` element specifies the maximum wavelength of the photon flux density measurements in nanometers.

#### 4.5.20.3 Number Planes Element

The required `NumberPlanes` element specifies the number of measurement planes.

#### 4.5.20.4 Plane Data Element

The required `PlaneData` element specifies the photon flux density data for the specified measurement plane. Elements are detailed in Table 34.

Multiple `PlaneData` elements are allowed.

**Table 34: Plane Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Plane Normal	<code>PlaneNormal</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.20.4.1
Number Measured	<code>NumberMeasured</code>	<code>xs:int</code>	Yes	4.5.20.4.2
Photon Flux Density	<code>PFD</code>	XML Element	Yes	4.5.20.4.3

#### 4.5.20.4.1 Plane Normal Element

The optional `PlaneNormal` element specifies coordinates of the unit plane normal with respect to the luminaire dimensions coordinate system. For example:

```
<PlaneNormal x="-1.0" y="0.0 z="0.0"/>
```

**NOTE:** The plane can be arbitrarily oriented with respect to the emitter.

If absent, the unit plane normal coordinates are assumed to be aligned with zenith:

```
<PlaneNormal x="0.0" y="0.0 z="1.0"/>
```

#### 4.5.20.4.2 Number Measured Element

The required `NumberMeasured` element specifies the number of photon flux density measurements for the specified plane.

#### 4.5.20.4.3 Photon Flux Density Element

The required `PFD` element specifies photon flux density data for the specified position. The element contains the value to be reported, and there are attributes for the plane position (in meters) this value occurs at. For example:

```
<PFD x="0.0" y="1.5" z="1.2">55</PFD>
```

Multiple `PFD` elements are allowed.

### 4.5.21 Spectral Irradiance Data Element

The optional `SpecIrradData` element is the parent of spectral irradiance data. This element contains information that is specific to the spectral irradiance data. Elements are detailed in Table 35.

**Table 35: Spectral Irradiance Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Number Planes	<code>NumberPlanes</code>	<code>xs:int</code>	Yes	4.5.21.1
Plane Data	<code>PlaneData</code>	XML Element	Yes	4.5.21.2

#### 4.5.21.1 Number Planes Element

The required `NumberPlanes` element specifies the number of measurement planes.

#### 4.5.21.2 Plane Data Element

The required `PlaneData` element specifies the spectral irradiance data for the specified measurement plane. Elements are detailed in Table 36.

Multiple `PlaneData` elements are allowed.

**Table 36: Plane Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Plane Normal	<code>PlaneNormal</code>	XML Element	Optional	4.5.21.2.1
Number Measured	<code>NumberMeasured</code>	<code>xs:int</code>	Yes	4.5.21.2.2
Number Wavelength	<code>NumberWavelength</code>	<code>xs:int</code>	Yes	4.5.21.2.3
Spectral Irradiance	<code>SIrrad</code>	XML Element	Yes	4.5.21.2.4

#### 4.5.21.2.1 Plane Normal Element

The optional `PlaneNormal` element specifies coordinates of the unit plane normal with respect to the luminaire dimensions coordinate system. For example:

```
<PlaneNormal x="-1.0" y="0.0 z="0.0"/>
```

**NOTE:** The plane can be arbitrarily oriented with respect to the emitter.

If absent, the unit plane normal coordinates are assumed to be aligned with zenith:

```
<PlaneNormal x="0.0" y="0.0 z="1.0"/>
```

#### 4.5.21.2.2 Number Measured Element

The required `NumberMeasured` element specifies the number of spectral irradiance measurements for the specified plane.

#### 4.5.21.2.3 Number Wavelength Element

The required `NumberWavelength` element specifies the number of wavelengths.

#### 4.5.21.2.4 Spectral Irradiance Element

The required `SIrrad` element specifies spectral irradiance data for the specified position. The element contains the value to be reported, and there are attributes for the plane position (in meters) and wavelength (in nanometers) this value occurs at. For example:

```
<SIrrad x="0.0" y="1.5" z="1.2" w="555.0">55</SIrrad >
```

Multiple `SIrrad` elements are allowed.

### 4.5.22 Channels Element

A luminaire may have multiple emitters with different spectral power distributions, such as a theatrical luminaire with red, green, blue, and amber light-emitting diodes. If the intensity of each emitter can be independently controlled (that is, dimmed) without significantly changing the spatial intensity distribution, a “channel multiplier” can be applied to the measured or simulated intensity distribution to represent the intensity distribution when the channel is tested at a specified correlated color temperature.

The optional `Channels` element is the parent of the emitter channels data. Elements are detailed in Table 37.

**Table 37: Channels Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
---------------------	--------------	-----------	----------	------------------

Number Channels	NumberChannels	xs:int	Yes	4.5.22.1
Channel Multiplier	ChannelMult	XML Element	Yes	4.5.22.2

#### 4.5.22.1 Number Channels Element

The required `NumberChannels` element specifies the number of independent emitter channels.

#### 4.5.22.2 Channel Multiplier Element

The required `ChannelMult` element specifies an independent emitter channel multiplier that is applied to the emitter intensity values or flux value. For example:

```
<ChannelMult name="red">0.63</ChannelMult>
```

where the channel names should be the same as emitter spectral names (Section 4.5.17.1.1) if multiple `EmitterSpectral` elements are present.

Multiple `ChannelMult` elements are allowed.

#### 4.5.23 Emission Areas Element

The optional `EmissionAreas` element is the parent of emission areas data. Elements are detailed in Table 38.

NOTE: For cylindrical shapes, the planar emission faces are orthographically projected onto the cylindrical face.

**Table 38: Emission Face Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Top Face	TopFace	XML Element	Optional	4.5.23.1
Bottom Face	BottomFace	XML Element	Optional	4.5.23.2
C0 Face	C0Face	XML Element	Optional	4.5.23.3
C90 Face	C90Face	XML Element	Optional	4.5.23.4
C180 Face	C180Face	XML Element	Optional	4.5.23.5
C270 Face	C270Face	XML Element	Optional	4.5.23.6

#### 4.5.23.1 Top Face Element

The optional `TopFace` element is the parent of the top face emission areas data. Elements are detailed in Table 39.

**Table 39: Top Face Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Number Top	NumberTop	xs:int	Yes	4.5.23.1.1
Top Area	TopArea	XML Element	Yes	4.5.23.1.2

#### 4.5.23.1.1 Number Top Element

The required `NumberTop` element specifies the number of top face emission areas.

#### 4.5.23.1.2 Top Area Element

The required `TopArea` element is the parent of the top face emission area data. Elements are detailed in Table 40.

Multiple `TopArea` elements are allowed.

**Table 40: Top Face Emission Area Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Length	Length	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.1.2.1
Width	Width	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.1.2.2
Length Offset	LengthOffset	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.1.2.3
Width Offset	WidthOffset	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.1.2.4
Circular	Circular	xs:boolean	Optional	4.5.23.1.2.5

**4.5.23.1.2.1 Length Element**

The required `Length` element specifies the length of the top face emission area in meters.

**4.5.23.1.2.2 Width Element**

The required `Width` element specifies the width of the top face emission area in meters.

**4.5.23.1.2.3 Length Offset Element**

The required `LengthOffset` element specifies the offset of the top face emission area from the geometric center of the luminaire along the length (y) axis in meters.

**4.5.23.1.2.4 Width Offset Element**

The required `WidthOffset` element specifies the offset of the top face emission area from the geometric center of the luminaire along the width (x) axis in meters.

**4.5.23.1.2.5 Circular Element**

The optional Boolean `Circular` element, if true, indicates that the top face emission area is circular rather than rectangular. (If the length and width element values are not equal, the area is considered to be elliptical.)

**4.5.23.2 Bottom Face Element**

The optional `BottomFace` element is the parent of the bottom face emission areas data. Elements are detailed in Table 41.

**Table 41: Bottom Face Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Number Bottom	NumberBottom	xs:int	Yes	4.5.23.2.1
Bottom Area	BottomArea	XML Element	Yes	4.5.23.2.2

**4.5.23.2.1 Number Bottom Element**

The required `NumberBottom` element specifies the number of bottom face emission areas.

**4.5.23.2.2 Bottom Area Element**

The required `BottomArea` element is the parent of the bottom face emission area data. Elements are detailed in Table 42.

Multiple `BottomArea` elements are allowed.

**Table 42: Bottom Face Emission Area Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Length	Length	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.2.2.1
Width	Width	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.2.2.2
Length Offset	LengthOffset	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.2.2.3

Width Offset	WidthOffset	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.2.2.4
Circular	Circular	xs:boolean	Optional	4.5.23.2.2.5

#### 4.5.23.2.2.1 Length Element

The required `Length` element specifies the length of the bottom face emission area in meters.

#### 4.5.23.2.2.2 Width Element

The required `Width` element specifies the width of the bottom face emission area in meters.

#### 4.5.23.2.2.3 Length Offset Element

The required `LengthOffset` element specifies the offset of the bottom face emission area from the geometric center of the luminaire along the length (y) axis in meters.

#### 4.5.23.2.2.4 Width Offset Element

The required `WidthOffset` element specifies the offset of the bottom face emission area from the geometric center of the luminaire along the width (x) axis in meters.

#### 4.5.23.2.2.5 Circular Element

The optional Boolean `Circular` element, if true, indicates that the bottom face emission area is circular rather than rectangular. (If the length and width element values are not equal, the area is considered to be elliptical.)

### 4.5.23.3 C0 Face Element

The optional `C0Face` element is the parent of the C0 face emission areas data. Elements are detailed in Table 43.

**Table 43: C0 Face Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Number C0	NumberC0	xs:int	Yes	4.5.23.3.1
C0 Area	C0Area	XML Element	Yes	4.5.23.3.2

#### 4.5.23.3.1 Number C0 Element

The required `NumberC0` element specifies the number of C0 face emission areas.

#### 4.5.23.3.2 C0 Area Element

The required `C0Area` element is the parent of the C0 face emission area data. Elements are detailed in Table 44.

Multiple `C0Area` elements are allowed.

**Table 44: C0 Face Emission Area Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Length	Length	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.3.2.1
Height	Height	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.3.2.2
Length Offset	LengthOffset	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.3.2.3
Height Offset	HeightOffset	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.3.2.4
Circular	Circular	xs:boolean	Optional	4.5.23.3.2.5



#### 4.5.23.3.2.1 Length Element

The required `Length` element specifies the length of the C0 face emission area in meters.

#### 4.5.23.3.2.2 Height Element

The required `Height` element specifies the height of the C0 face emission area in meters.

#### 4.5.23.3.2.3 Length Offset Element

The required `LengthOffset` element specifies the offset of the C0 face emission area from the geometric center of the luminaire along the length (y) axis in meters.

#### 4.5.23.3.2.4 Height Offset Element

The required `HeightOffset` element specifies the offset of the C0 face emission area from the geometric center of the luminaire along the height (z) axis in meters.

#### 4.5.23.3.2.5 Circular Element

The optional Boolean `Circular` element, if true, indicates that the C0 face emission area is circular rather than rectangular. (If the length and width element values are not equal, the area is considered to be elliptical.)

#### 4.5.23.4 C90 Face Element

The optional `C90Face` element is the parent of the C90 face emission areas data. Elements are detailed in Table 45.

**Table 45: Top Face Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Number C90	NumberC90	xs:int	Yes	4.5.23.4.1
C90 Area	C90Area	XML Element	Yes	4.5.23.4.2

#### 4.5.23.4.1 Number C90 Element

The required `NumberC90` element specifies the number of C90 face emission areas.

#### 4.5.23.4.2 C90 Area Element

The required `C90Area` element is the parent of the C90 face emission area data. Elements are detailed in Table 46.

Multiple `C90Area` elements are allowed.

**Table 46: C90 Face Emission Area Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Width	Width	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.4.2.1
Height	Height	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.4.2.3
Width Offset	WidthOffset	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.4.2.3
Height Offset	HeightOffset	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.4.2.4
Circular	Circular	xs:boolean	Optional	4.5.23.4.2.5

#### 4.5.23.4.2.1 Width Element

The required `Width` element specifies the width of the C90 face emission area in meters.

#### 4.5.23.4.2.2 Height Element

The required `Height` element specifies the height of the C90 face emission area in meters.

#### 4.5.23.4.2.3 Width Offset Element

The required `WidthOffset` element specifies the offset of the C90 face emission area from the geometric center of the luminaire along the width (x) axis in meters.

#### 4.5.23.4.2.4 Height Offset Element

The required `HeightOffset` element specifies the offset of the C90 face emission area from the geometric center of the luminaire along the height (z) axis in meters.

#### 4.5.23.4.2.5 Circular Element

The optional Boolean `Circular` element, if true, indicates that the C90 face emission area is circular rather than rectangular. (If the length and width element values are not equal, the area is considered to be elliptical.)

#### 4.5.23.5 C180 Face Element

The optional `C180Face` element is the parent of the C180 face emission areas data. Elements are detailed in Table 47.

**Table 47: C180 Face Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Number C180	NumberC180	xs:int	Yes	4.5.23.5.1
C180 Area	C180Area	XML Element	Yes	4.5.23.5.2

#### 4.5.23.5.1 Number C180 Element

The required `NumberC180` element specifies the number of C180 face emission areas.

#### 4.5.23.5.2 C180 Area Element

The required `C180Area` element is the parent of the C180 face emission area data. Elements are detailed in Table 48.

Multiple `C180Area` elements are allowed.

**Table 48: C180 Face Emission Area Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Length	Length	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.5.2.1
Height	Height	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.5.2.2
Length Offset	LengthOffset	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.5.2.3
Height Offset	HeightOffset	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.5.2.4
Circular	Circular	xs:boolean	Optional	4.5.23.5.2.5

#### 4.5.23.5.2.1 Length Element

The required `Length` element specifies the length of the C180 face emission area in meters.

#### 4.5.23.5.2.2 Height Element

The required `Height` element specifies the height of the C180 face emission area in meters.

#### 4.5.23.5.2.3 Length Offset Element

The required `LengthOffset` element specifies the offset of the C180 face emission area from the geometric center of the luminaire along the length (y) axis in meters.

#### 4.5.23.5.2.4 Height Offset Element

The required `HeightOffset` element specifies the offset of the C180 face emission area from the geometric center of the luminaire along the height (z) axis in meters.

#### 4.5.23.5.2.5 Circular Element

The optional Boolean `Circular` element, if true, indicates that the C180 face emission area is circular rather than rectangular. (If the length and width element values are not equal, the area is considered to be elliptical.)

#### 4.5.23.6 C270 Face Element

The optional `C270Face` element is the parent of the C270 face emission areas data. Elements are detailed in Table 49.

**Table 49: C270 Face Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Number C0	NumberC270	xs:int	Yes	4.5.23.6.1
C270 Area	C270Area	XML Element	Yes	4.5.23.6.2

#### 4.5.23.6.1 Number C270 Element

The required `NumberC270` element specifies the number of C270 face emission areas.

#### 4.5.23.6.2 C270 Area Element

The required `C270Area` element is the parent of the C270 face emission area data. Elements are detailed in Table 50.

Multiple `C270Area` elements are allowed.

**Table 50: C270 Face Emission Area Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Width	Width	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.6.2.1
Height	Height	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.6.2.2
Width Offset	WidthOffset	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.6.2.3
Height Offset	HeightOffset	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.23.6.2.4
Circular	Circular	xs:boolean	Optional	4.5.23.6.2.5

#### 4.5.23.6.2.1 Width Element

The required `Width` element specifies the width of the C270 face emission area in meters.

#### 4.5.23.6.2.2 Height Element

The required `Height` element specifies the height of the C270 face emission area in meters.

#### 4.5.23.6.2.3 Width Offset Element

The required `WidthOffset` element specifies the offset of the C270 face emission area from the geometric center of the luminaire along the width (x) axis in meters.

#### 4.5.23.6.2.4 Height Offset Element

The required `HeightOffset` element specifies the offset of the C270 face emission area from the geometric center of the luminaire along the height (z) axis in meters.

#### 4.5.23.6.2.5 Circular Element

The optional Boolean `Circular` element, if true, indicates that the C270 face emission area is circular rather than rectangular. (If the length and width element values are not equal, the area is considered to be elliptical.)

#### 4.5.24 Emitter Center Element

The optional `EmitterCenter` element is the parent of emitter center data. Elements are detailed in Table 51.

If the `EmitterCenter` element is absent, the emitter center is assumed to be coincident with the geometric center.

**Table 51: Emitter Center Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Length Offset	<code>LengthOffset</code>	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.24.1
WidthOffset	<code>WidthOffset</code>	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.24.2
Height Offset	<code>HeightOffset</code>	xs:decimal	Yes	4.5.24.3

##### 4.5.24.1 Length Offset Element

The required `LengthOffset` element specifies the offset of the emitter center from the geometric center of the luminaire along the length (y) axis in meters.

##### 4.5.24.2 Width Offset Element

The required `WidthOffset` element specifies the offset of the emitter center from the geometric center of the luminaire along the width (x) axis in meters.

##### 4.5.24.3 Height Offset Element

The required `HeightOffset` element specifies the offset of the emitter center from the geometric center of the luminaire along the height (z) axis in meters.

#### 4.5.25 Regulatory Element

The optional `Regulatory` element is the parent of regulatory. Elements are detailed in Table 52.

**Table 52: Regulatory Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Input Wattage	<code>InputWattage</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.5.5
Power Factor	<code>PowerFactor</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.5.6
Ballast Factor	<code>BallastFactor</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.5.7
Color Temperature	<code>ColorTemperature</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.5.9
CIE_CRI	<code>CIE_CRI</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.5.10.1
IES_TM30	<code>IES_TM30</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.5.10.2
Duv	<code>Duv</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.5.11
S/P Ratio	<code>SPRatio</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.5.12
Luminous Intensity	<code>LuminousIntensity</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.5.14.1.6
Luminous Flux	<code>LuminousFlux</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.5.14.2
Radiant Intensity	<code>RadiantIntensity</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.5.15.3.5
Radiant Flux	<code>RadiantFlux</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.5.15.4
Photon Intensity	<code>PhotonIntensity</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.5.16.3.5
Photon Flux	<code>PhotonFlux</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.5.16.4
Spectral Power	<code>SpectralPower</code>	xs:string	Optional	4.5.17.1.3

Spectral Intensity	SpectralIntensity	xs:string	Optional	4.5.17.2.6
Illuminance	Illuminance	xs:string	Optional	4.5.18.2.3
Irradiance	Irradiance	xs:string	Optional	4.5.19.4.3
Photon Flux Density	PhotonFluxDensity	xs:string	Optional	4.5.20.4.3
Spectral Irradiance	SpectralIrradiance	xs:string	Optional	4.5.21.2.4

Each optional `Regulatory` element shall be identified as having measured, nominal, or rated values, as listed in Table 53.

**Table 53: Regulatory Value Types**

Type	Description
Measured	Measured value(s)
Nominal	Nominal value(s)
Rated	Rated value(s)

A “rated” value is the value of a quantity used for specification purposes, established for a specified set of operating conditions of the product.

A “nominal” value is an approximate quantity value used to designate or identify a product.

If a `Regulatory` element is absent, its values are assumed to be measured or calculated from measured data.

#### 4.6 Custom Data Element

The optional `CustomData` element is the parent of custom data. Elements are detailed in Table 54.

The intent of the `CustomData` element is to provide a means of including custom data within the luminaire optical data document. For example, a company or government agency may require additional information that cannot be represented within the base XML schema (Section 4.7).

Multiple `CustomData` elements are allowed.

**Table 54: Custom Data Fields**

Element Description	Element Name	Data Type	Required	Document Section
Name	Name	xs:string	Yes	4.6.1
Unique Identifier	UniqueIdentifier	xs:string	Yes	4.6.2
Any Data	[Not applicable]	XML Element	Optional	4.6.3

##### 4.6.1 Name Element

The required `Name` element specifies the name describing the custom data, for example “Italian CAM”.

##### 4.6.2 Unique Identifier Element

The required `UniqueIdentifier` element contains a Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) as defined by RFC 4122. Most scientific programming language libraries include functions that will automatically generate UUIDs.

A UUID is a unique 128-bit value expressed as a string with 32 hexadecimal digits in the format xxxxxxxx-xxxx-xxxx-xxxx-xxxxxxxxxxxx. For example:

E1EC2128-3AEB-1069-A24E-98712B54306F

The purpose of this UUID is to prevent name collisions between different instances of the Name element.

### 4.6.3 Any Data Element

The base XML schema (Section 4.7) allows an arbitrary sequence of XML elements within the CustomData element using an <any> declaration with an ##any namespace attribute to instruct a validating parser to ignore the element sequence for validation purposes.

## 4.7 XML Schema

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">

  <!-- Common attribute definitions -->
  <xs:attribute name="angle" type="xs:decimal"/>
  <xs:attribute name="h" type="xs:decimal"/>
  <xs:attribute name="v" type="xs:decimal"/>
  <xs:attribute name="w" type="xs:decimal"/>
  <xs:attribute name="x" type="xs:decimal"/>
  <xs:attribute name="y" type="xs:decimal"/>
  <xs:attribute name="z" type="xs:decimal"/>

  <!-- Common simple element definitions -->
  <xs:element name="Circular" type="xs:boolean"/>
  <xs:element name="Height" type="xs:decimal"/>
  <xs:element name="HeightOffset" type="xs:decimal"/>
  <xs:element name="Length" type="xs:decimal"/>
  <xs:element name="LengthOffset" type="xs:decimal"/>
  <xs:element name="MaxWavelength" type="xs:decimal"/>
  <xs:element name="MeasurementEquipment" type="xs:string"/>
  <xs:element name="MinWavelength" type="xs:decimal"/>
  <xs:element name="NumberHorz" type="xs:int"/>
  <xs:element name="NumberMeasured" type="xs:int"/>
  <xs:element name="NumberPlanes" type="xs:int"/>
  <xs:element name="NumberVert" type="xs:int"/>
  <xs:element name="NumberWavelength" type="xs:int"/>
  <xs:element name="Width" type="xs:decimal"/>
  <xs:element name="WidthOffset" type="xs:decimal"/>

  <!-- Common element definitions -->
  <xs:complexType name="IntDataType2">
    <xs:simpleContent>
      <xs:extension base="xs:decimal">
        <xs:attribute ref="h"/>
        <xs:attribute ref="v"/>
      </xs:extension>
    </xs:simpleContent>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="IntDataType3">
    <xs:simpleContent>
      <xs:extension base="xs:decimal">
        <xs:attribute ref="h"/>
        <xs:attribute ref="v"/>
        <xs:attribute ref="w"/>
      </xs:extension>
    </xs:simpleContent>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="PlaneNormalType">
    <xs:simpleContent>
```

```

        <xs:extension base="xs:decimal">
            <xs:attribute ref="x"/>
            <xs:attribute ref="y"/>
            <xs:attribute ref="z"/>
        </xs:extension>
    </xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="PwrDataType">
    <xs:simpleContent>
        <xs:extension base="xs:decimal">
            <xs:attribute ref="w"/>
        </xs:extension>
    </xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:simpleType name="RegulatoryValue">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
        <xs:enumeration value="Measured"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="Nominal"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="Rated"/>
    </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:element name="IESTM33">
    <xs:complexType>
        <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element name="Version" type="xs:string" fixed="1.0"/>
            <xs:element name="Header">
                <xs:complexType>
                    <xs:sequence>
                        <xs:element name="Manufacturer" type="xs:string"
                            minOccurs="0"/>
                        <xs:element name="CatalogNumber" type="xs:string"
                            minOccurs="0"/>
                        <xs:element name="GTIN" type="xs:integer"
                            minOccurs="0"/>
                        <xs:element name="Description" type="xs:string"/>
                        <xs:element name="Laboratory" type="xs:string"/>
                        <xs:element name="ReportNumber" type="xs:string"/>
                        <xs:element name="ReportDate" type="xs:date"/>
                        <xs:element name="DocumentCreator" type="xs:string"
                            minOccurs="0"/>
                        <xs:element name="DocumentCreationDate" type="xs:date"
                            minOccurs="0"/>
                        <xs:element name="UniqueIdentifier" type="xs:string"
                            minOccurs="0"/>
                        <xs:element name="Comment" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"
                            maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                        <xs:element name="Reference" type="xs:string"
                            minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                        <xs:element name="MoreInfoURI" type="xs:anyURI"
                            minOccurs="0"/>
                    </xs:sequence>
                </xs:complexType>
            </xs:element>
            <xs:element name="Luminaire">
                <xs:complexType>
                    <xs:sequence>
                        <xs:element name="Dimensions">
                            <xs:complexType>
                                <xs:sequence>
                                    <xs:element ref="Length"/>
                                </xs:sequence>
                            </xs:complexType>
                        </xs:element>
                    </xs:sequence>
                </xs:complexType>
            </xs:element>
        </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

```

        <xs:element ref="Width"/>
        <xs:element ref="Height"/>
    </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="Shape" minOccurs="0">
    <xs:simpleType>
        <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
            <xs:enumeration value="Align_X"/>
            <xs:enumeration value="Align_Y"/>
            <xs:enumeration value="Align_Z"/>
        </xs:restriction>
    </xs:simpleType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="NumEmitter" type="xs:int"/>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="Equipment">
    <xs:complexType>
        <xs:sequence>
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## Annex A Sample Luminous (Photometric) XML Document

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    <Laboratory>Apex Analytics</Laboratory>
    <ReportNumber>APEX-091101-004</ReportNumber>
    <ReportDate>2009-11-01</ReportDate>
    <DocumentCreator>Apex Analytics</DocumentCreator>
    <DocumentCreationDate>2011-11-21</DocumentCreationDate>
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    </IntegratingSphere>
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## **Annex B     Photon Flux (Informative)**

Visible light is typically defined in terms of either lumens (luminous flux) or watts (radiant flux). Horticulturalists, however, measure electromagnetic radiation over the range of 280 nm to 800 nm in terms of photons per second.

Each photon has a “quantum” of energy that is inversely proportional to its wavelength. Thus, the number of photons per second can be expressed in watts if you know the wavelength of each photon (or, more practically, all the photons that have the same wavelength).

Plant photosynthesis, however, depends on a chlorophyll molecule absorbing a single photon, regardless of its wavelength between, approximately 400 nm and 700 nm. Thus, horticulturalists are not concerned with the photon’s energy. They instead measure “photon flux” in terms of micromoles ( $6.022 \times 10^{17}$ ) photons per second. If the wavelength range is 400 nm to 700 nm, this is Photosynthetically Active Radiation (PAR).

Plants also respond to ultraviolet radiation (280 nm to 400 nm) and “far-red” radiation (700 nm to 800 nm). Depending on the application, horticultural measurements may be reported in terms of radiant flux or photon flux.

A comprehensive list of horticultural lighting metrics is provided in ANSI/ASABE S640 JUL2017, Quantities and Units of Electromagnetic Radiation for Plants (Photosynthetic Organisms).